



Dr Jane Ashby

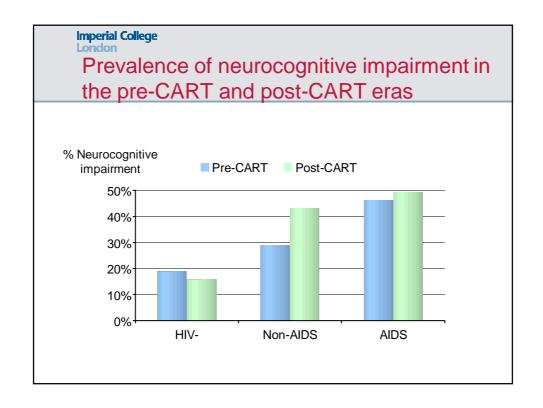
Imperial College Healthcare NHS Trust, London

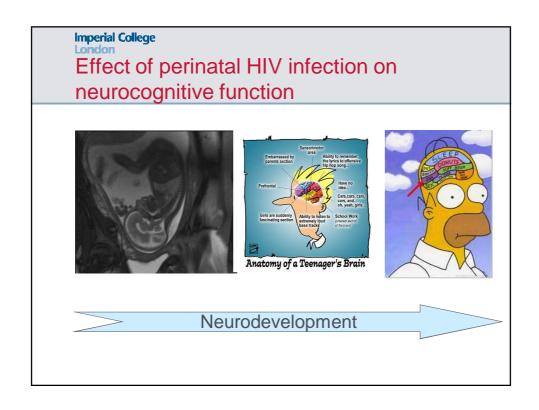
6-8 April 2011, Bournemouth International Centre

Imperial College London

Cerebral function in perinatally HIV infected young people and HIV uninfected sibling controls

Jane Ashby, Caroline Foster, Lucy Garvey, Tania Wan, Joanna Allsop, Yasotharan Paramesparan, Agnes Kocsis, Eleanor Hodgson, Camilla Sanger, Simon D Taylor-Robinson, Sarah Fidler and Alan Winston



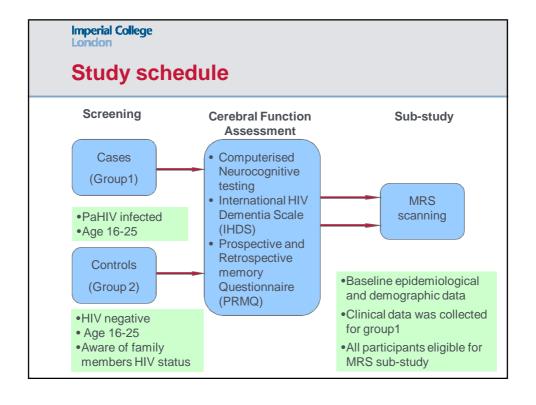


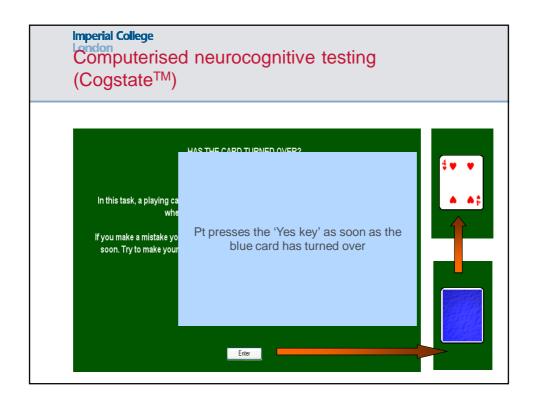
Imperial College

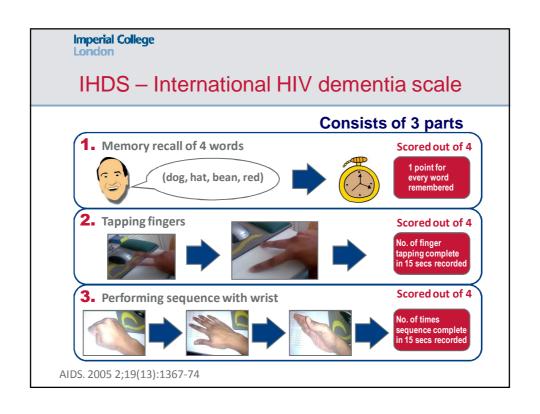
London

Aim

 The aim of this study was to characterise the neurocognitive functioning of young adults with perinatally acquired HIV (PaHIV) infection and compare with HIV negative siblings or close family members as aged matched controls







Imperial College

London

Prospective and Retrospective Memory Questionnaire (PRMQ)

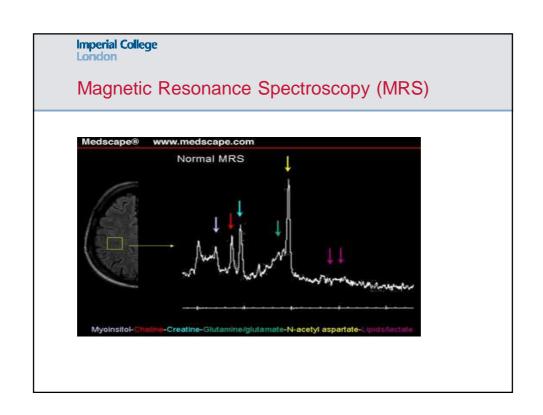
	Item (1-16)	Score
		1-5
1	Do you decide to do something in a few minutes time and then forget to do it?	
2	Do you fail to recognize a place you have visited before?	
3	Do you fail to do something you were supposed to do a few minutes later, even though it is there in front of you, like take a pill or turn off the kettle?	
4	Do you forget something you were told a few minutes before?	

Please score each question with a 5 point scale:

- Never
- 4. Quite often
- 2. Rarely
- 5. Very often

3. Sometimes

Crawford et al The British Psychology Society 2006. 45, 83-104



Imperial College London

Results - Baseline characteristics

Parameter	Group 1	Group 2
Number of subjects	33	14
Number of subjects undergoing MRS	8	4
Age, years (mean, range)	20 ,17-23	20,16-24
Black / Mixed Ethnicity %	85	86
Male gender, n (%)	11 (33)	4 (29)
Recent Recreational Drug use (%)	2 (6)	1(7)
Ever Recreational Drug Use (%)	13 (39)	6 (43)
English is first Language (%)	29 (88)	13 (93)
Number of years education (years)	14	15

Table legend; Mean values unless otherwise stated

Imperial College London

Results - HIV characteristics

Parameter	Group 1	
Current plasma CD4 count (cells/uL,) (IQR)	444 (174-725)	
Current plasma CD4 cell %	21	
HIV VL <50 copies/ml, n, (%)	18 (55)	
Age at HIV Diagnosis, years (IQR)	5 (0-9)	
Years since HIV diagnosis (IQR)	15 (13-20)	
Currently taking ARV, n (%)	26 (79)	
Age at ARV commencement, years (IQR)	13 (8-16)	
Years since first ARV treatment (IQR)	8.5 (4-13)	

Table legend; mean values unless otherwise stated. IQR= Interquartile range, VL= Viral Load, ARV= Antiretroviral therapy

Imperial College

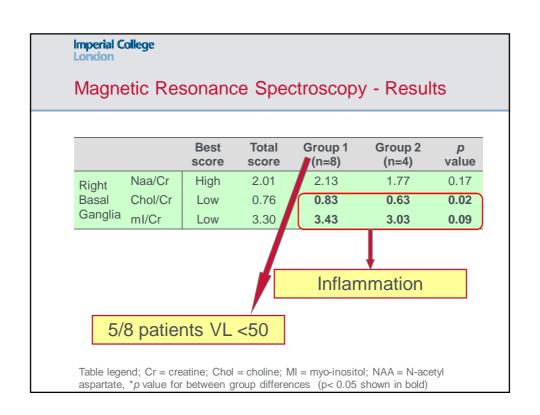
London

Results of cerebral testing

Domain	Best Score	Total score (n = 47)	Group 1 (n=34)	Group 2 (n=14)	p value*
Speed	low	10.64	10.66	10.57	0.27
Executive Function	low	17.83	18.18	17.00	0.68
Accuracy	high	3.02	3.03	2.99	0.78
IHDS	high	-	11.3	11.3	0.861
PRMQ (IQR)	low	-	42 (36-49)	35 (28-43)	0.023

Table legend; mean scores unless otherwise stated PRMQ = Prospective and Retrospective Memory Questionnaire, IHDS = International HIV Dementia Scale, IQR= Interquartile range;

*p value for between group differences



Imperial College London

Conclusions

- Impairment in self reported memory
- Statistically significant increases in cerebral metabolite inflammatory factors
- No differences in computerized neurocognitive testing scores were observed between study groups

Imperial College

Acknowledgements

- Thank you to the volunteers who participated in the study
- Thank you to all the 900 clinic staff
- Thanks to BHIVA This study was partly funded from a study grant