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Review of the presentation, management & outcome of 6 cases of genital Gonorrhoea in 6 pre-pubertal girls referred to a London SARC 2016-17

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Disclosures

None



Genital GC infection in pre-pubertal children



• Genital Gonorrhoea (GC) infection is rare in prepubertal children

• A national surveillance study of the UK & Ireland identified only 6 cases over a 25 month period (Jan 2010 – Jan 2012)

Reading R, Rogstad K, Hughes G, et al. Gonorrhoea, chlamydia, syphilis and trichomonas in children under 13 years of age: national surveillance in the UK and Republic of Ireland. Arch Dis Child 2014;99: 712–16

• This case series: 6 cases of genital GC in girls <6 years referred to London SARCs over 18/12 (2016–17) from a variety of sources



Referral sources



- All presented with symptoms to A&E or GP
- No disclosures of child sexual abuse
- Only one previously known to social care
- All diagnosed GC culture +ve on initial swabs

- Referred to SARC
 - As part of S47 Child Protection investigation
 - Child protection medical
 - Full STI screening with 'chain of evidence' (COE)

Case no.	Age (years)	Symptoms	Significant genital findings	Sensitivity/ resistance	Treatment
1	4	Vaginal discharge	None	Not available	Ceftriaxone IM
2	5	Green vaginal discharge	None	S=Az, Cef, Pen, Spec, Cip	Ceftriaxone 250 mg stat Azithromycin 200mg od 3/7
3	3	Itchy green vaginal discharge	None	S=Az, Cef, Pen, Spec, Cip	Ceftriaxone 125 mg IM Azithromycin 200mg od 3/7
4	5	Genital itch, green discharge	None	'Broad, inc. Penicillin'	Benzyl Penicillin IM
5	4	Mother and child had vaginal discharge	None, disputed hymenal appearance on peer review	Not available	Ceftriaxone 50 mg/kg IV 7/7 Azithromycin 200mg od 3/7
6	4	'Sore knickers' Yellow discharge	None	Not available	Amoxicillin 250 mg tds 10/7 Ceftriaxone 250mg IM Azithromycin 200 mg

Case no.	Disclosure	Contact screening outcome	Initial Child Protection Responses	Social Care Outcome	Legal outcome
1	No	None identified	S47 Child and sibling taken into short term foster care	No CPP Case closed to SS	Case closed to police
2	No	Older teenage sister, 16+ years	S47 Supervision order	CPP for 6 months then closed to SS	Case closed to police
3	No	Older teenage sister, 16+ years	S47 Supervision order	CPP for 6 months then closed to SS	Case closed to police
4	Vague ++	Father	S47 Father removed, supervised contact	Remains on CPP	Case closed to police
5	No	Mother	S47 Stayed with grandmother during investigation	No CPP Case closed to SS co-sleeping mother	Case closed to police
6	No	Uncle	S47 Contact with uncle had ceased	Remains on CPP Previous SS involvement, neglect	Police referred to CPS. Awaiting decision



Discussion



- 6 cases GC vulvovaginitis seen in 18/12 no other STI referred
 - Might there be under-diagnosis of other STIs in the community?
- GC in a child is almost always sexually transmitted
 - In 5/6 children positive household contact was found
 - This does not confirm child sex abuse
 - Some evidence that non-sexual GC transmission may occur
- A rapid, sensitive & supportive multiagency approach must be taken to investigate & manage all STIs in children



Pre-pubertal girl is susceptible to vulvovaginitis

Effect of Oestrogen





Anatomy

- Absent pubic hair
- Lack of labial fat pads
- Proximity to anus
- Thin atrophic mucosa, cuboidal not squamo cells
- Alkaline pH

Behaviour

- Poor local hygiene (bottom wiping)
- Tendency to explore

Laura R. Marks Biofilm Formation Enhances Fomite Survival of Streptococcus pneumoniae and Streptococcus pyogenes. Infection and Immunity March 2014 Volume 82 Number 3 pp1141 - 1146



The role of fomites in non-sexual GC transmission



Gonorrhoea survives in pus in warm humid conditions (25-39 °C):

2-3 hrs on contaminated cloth

Alausa K, Sogbetun A, Montfiore D. Effect of drying on Neisseria gonorrhoeae in relation to non-venereal infection in children. Nigerian J Pediatric 1977;4(1):14-8

Up to 3 days in a "wide variety of soft and hard materials"

Sriovastava AC. Survival of gonococci in urethral secretions with reference to nonsexual transmission of gonococcal transmission of gonococal infection. J Med Microbiol 1980;13(4):593-6





The role of fomites - continued



Outbreaks in babies on postnatal wards C19th attributed to contaminated rectal thermometers

Goodyear-Smith F. What is the evidence for non-sexual transmission of gonorrhoea in children after the neonatal period? A systematic review. J Forensic Leg Med 2007;14:489–502

Epidemics of conjunctival GC in the Tropics: flies acting as vectors

Mikru FS al. Community-wide outbreak of Neisseria gonorrhoeae conjunctivitis in Konso district, North Omo administrative region. Ethiop Med J 1991;29(1):27-35

8yr old & the Aeroflot toilet seat

Dayan L. Transmission of Neisseria gonorrhoeae from a toilet seat. Sex Transm Infect 2004;80: 327





Call to GUM from a GP....



"I'm with a mother & her 4yr old girl who has vaginal discharge; MC&S are culture positive for GC"

What should I say?

What must I do?

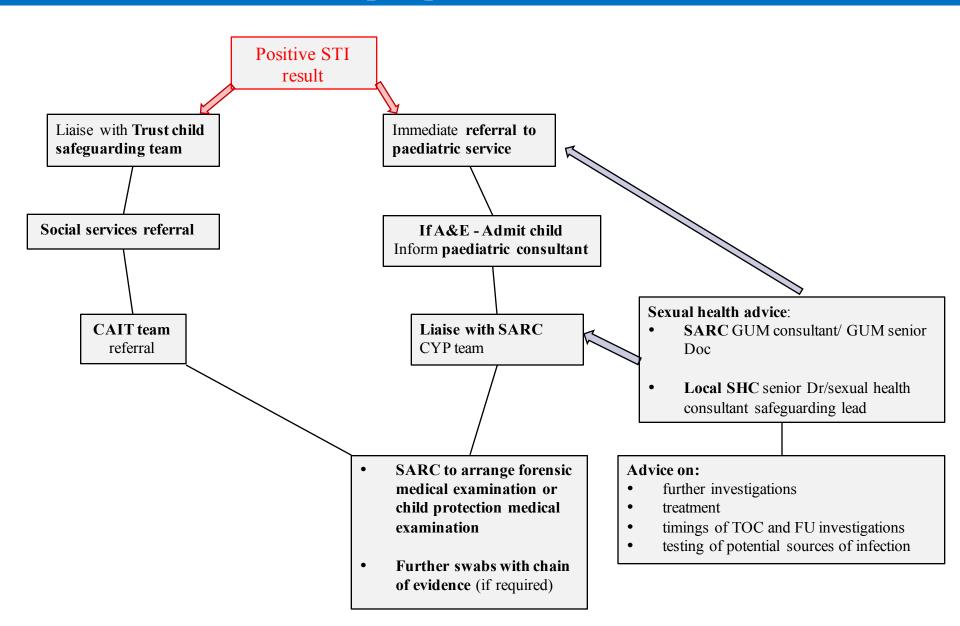
What can I give?





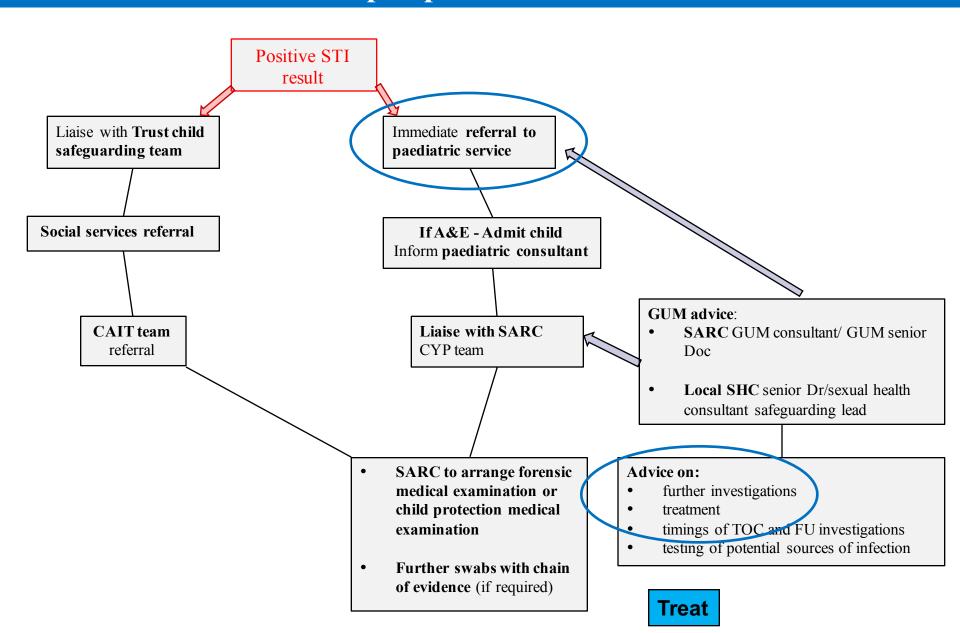


Immediate healthcare response to diagnosis of a STI in a pre-pubertal child



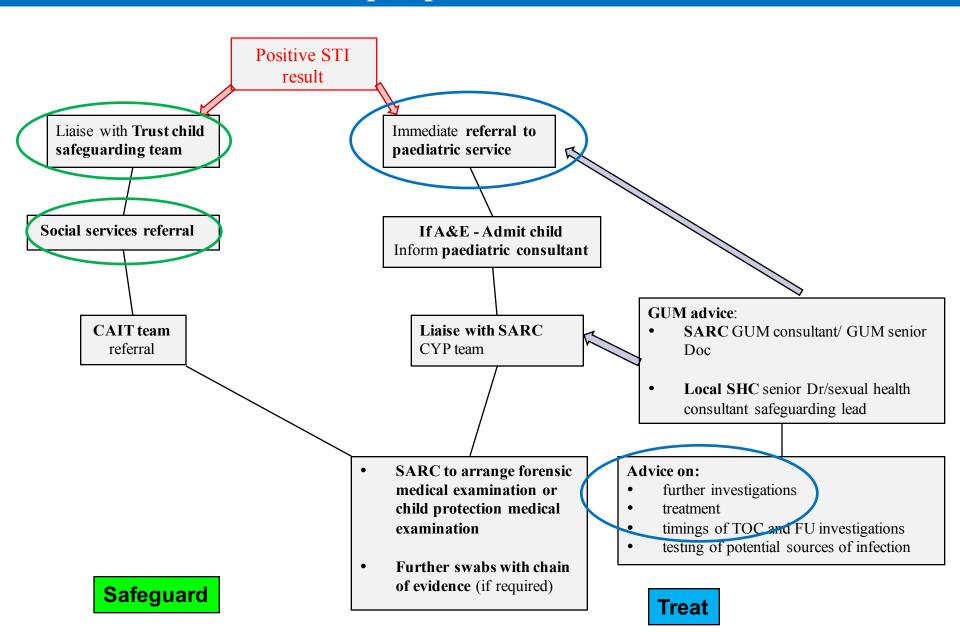


Immediate healthcare response to diagnosis of a STI in a pre-pubertal child





Immediate healthcare response to diagnosis of a STI in a pre-pubertal child





Call to GUM from a GP....



What has been done so far?

Investigations: (for other STIs), COE?

Treatment: local pead team for management

local GUM advice

Safeguard: Contact local safeguarding lead & Children's Social

Care

If disclosure/allegation: Call the Police 101 & CSC

What do you tell the parents/carers?

Genital GC, outside the neonatal period, is almost always sexually transmitted

.....Don't elaborate! Avoid 'coaching' potential witness/ suspect

You are "obliged to make a child protection referral"

You will contact social services immediately who will arrange a strategy meeting & advise next steps



Summary



- GC vulvovaginitis is rare
- Presents to a variety of settings
- A standardised approach to all cases is needed

- In order to reach a decision about further action, investigation must include:
 - Examination by skilled examiner
 - Peer review
 - Effective interagency communication
 - "Reluctance to jump to conclusions" for or against CSA

Kelly P. Does sexually transmitted infection always mean sexual abuse in young children? (editorial) Arch Dis Child 2014; 99:705–706



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