

# HIV self-testing: feasibility and acceptability of a large scale national service

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#### Context



- A substantial increase in HIV testing is required to:
  - Reduce late diagnosis of HIV
  - Reduce undiagnosed HIV
  - Support a combination HIV prevention approach:
    - Early treatment for those who are positive
    - Staying negative strategies for those who are not
- There are well recognised barriers to HIV testing which may be addressed by HIV self testing
- Self-testing remains on the margins of our approach to HIV testing

#### Terrence HIGGINS Trust

# Methods (1)

- We piloted a national HIV self-testing service
- A dedicated website was created and the service was promoted through social media.
- The service was offered to men who have sex with men (MSM) and Black Africans
- Participants provided demographic information, contact details and answers to HIV risk assessment questions.
- An HIV self-testing kit was then posted to them.

# HIV self testing kit



- Biosure HIV self-testing kit (licensed in April 2015)
- Finger-prick 2<sup>nd</sup> generation blood test (2.5μl)
- Detects HIV-1 and HIV-2
- Result read in 15 minutes
- 99.7% sensitive
- 99.9% specific



Reactive result needs confirmatory blood testing

# Methods (1)



- Service users were asked to log onto a secure page on the website to inform us of their result.
- Text reminders were sent at days 7 and 10.
- Those who reported a reactive result was called for support or advice and to ensure access to care for confirmatory testing.
- An online satisfaction survey was sent to everyone who gave consent to be contacted.

### Results



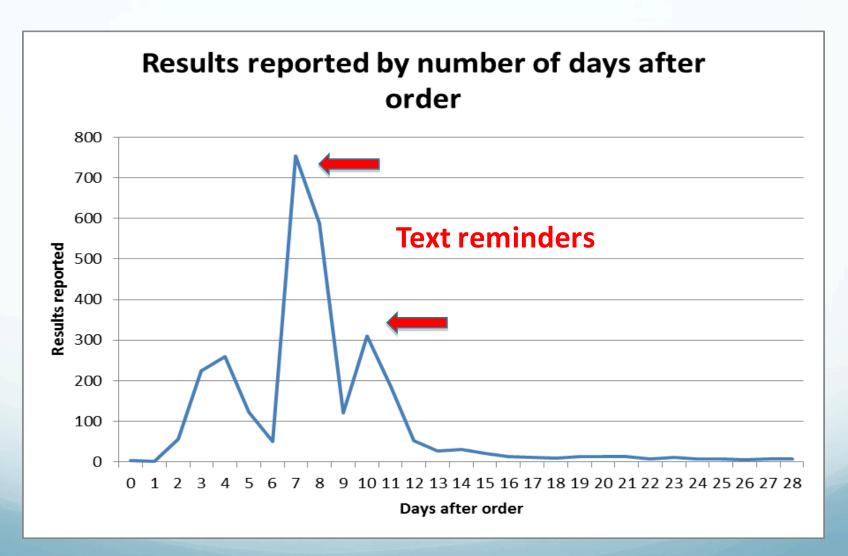
- The pilot ran from 24<sup>th</sup> June 5<sup>th</sup> Aug 2016.
- 4,975 kits were ordered.
- 3,021 people (62%) informed us of their result.
- 4,865 (97.8%) orders were from men and 4,820 (99%) identified as MSM.
- 3,780 (76%) tests were ordered from people of white British ethnicity
- 168 (3.4%) identified as Black African.
- 4,458 (91.4%) of kits were ordered from urban settings.

## Test orders

Order source	Orders	Results (%)	Mean age	Reactive results
Grindr	1697 (34.1%)	1057 (62.2%)	32	12
Facebook	1685 (33.9%)	1009 (59.9%)	32	8
Organic	1216 (24.4%	677 (55.7%)	28	4
THT website	358 (7.2%)	218 (60.1%)	31	4
Other	19 (0.4%)	12 (63.2%)	35	0

- 85% accessed the service via their mobile
- 11% via desktop
- 4% via tablets

# Results reporting



## Results: risk assessment



- 19% had never had an HIV test before
- 37% had last tested >1 year ago.
- 81% reported 2 or more partners in the last year.
- 68% reported condomless anal sex in the previous 3 months with 28% reporting this with 2 or more partners.
- 47% reported "sometimes" having sex under influence of drink or drugs and 14% said this occurred "most of the time" or "always"

# Reported test results



Gender / sexuality	Orders	Results reported (%)	Reactive results
Men who have sex with men (MSM)	4820	2896 (60.1)	28
Heterosexual women	82	43 (52.4%)	0
Heterosexual men	45	19 (42.2%)	0
Trans women	12	6 (50%)	0
Trans men	6	0	0
Women who have sex with women (WSW)	6	4 (66.7%)	0
Bisexual women	4	2 (50%)	0

#### Reactive results

- 28 people (0.92%) reported a reactive result.
- 3 (10.7%) people already knew they were HIV positive
- One result was confirmed as a false positive.
- Of the remaining 24 all were MSM.
- Contact was made with 22 (92%) all of whom had accessed confirmatory testing and HIV services.

# User Satisfaction Survey

N = 602 (12.1%)						
Reported their result	524 (87%)					
	I wanted an immediate result	379 (64.0%)				
Why did you choose an HIV self- test?	Clinic opening times are inconvenient	219 (36.9%)				
	I did not want an STI test in person	210 (35.5%)				
I would use the service again	585 (98.0%)					
I would recommend to a friend I expected to test <i>negative</i>	582 (97.3%)					
I would recommend to a friend I expected to test <i>positive</i>	435 (72.7%)					
I would be willing to pay for the service	340 (56.9%)					



# Summary

- We have demonstrated both the feasibility and acceptability of HIV self-testing in a large scale pilot
- We successfully targeted a group of high risk MSM who were not testing regularly (or at all)
- HIV self testing offers an efficient and potentially cost effective addition to existing HIV testing strategies
- We need to better understand self-testing in non-MSM and which models of delivery are most costeffective



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www.hivst.org