19th Annual Conference of the British HIV Association (BHIVA)



Dr Nadia Ahmed

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HIV infected individuals with viral suppression and CD4≥350?

Should we stop testing CD4 counts in

Whitlock GG, <u>Ahmed N</u>, Edwards SG, Benn P, Waters L Mortimer Market Centre, CNWL, London

- Current lack of clinical utility and economic situation
- Recent calls for **STOPPING** CD4 testing
- Differs from national guidance
- MMC policy (2008): CD4 monitoring annually for patients with a CD4≥350 cells/mm³ AND an undetectable HIV viral load
- We audited CD4 monitoring and its clinical utility over the subsequent three year follow-up period



Methods

• Patient population:

First 300 consecutive HIV+ patients attending MMC in Oct 2009 Viral load undetectable CD4≥350 cells/mm³ at baseline visit

Outcomes

Frequency of CD4 monitoring Proportion of stable patients with clinical events and CD4 at time of event



Results

 300 consecutive attenders: 141 (47%) stable HIV+ patients Male 82% Age (years) 44 (39-49) Median follow-up (years) 2.5 (2.1-2.8) Median CD4 count: Start: 620 (480 - 770) End: 670 (550 - 850) Median frequency of measurement = 8.4 months (IQR 6.4-9.7)



Results

• 128 (91%) maintained CD4≥350 cells/mm³

- 13 (9%) had CD4<350 cells/mm³ accounting for 3.2% of the total 319 person-years of follow-up
 - 8 (6%) transient fall
 - 5 (3%) sustained falls below 350 cells/mm³
 - 3 had CD4<200 cells/mm³ all predictable
 - 2 fluctuated around 350

In NO patient did change in CD4 lead to change in management





- A policy of stopping is better than reduce frequency
- No clinical benefit and significant CD4 declines are predictable by clinical scenarios well recognised to lower CD4 count
- Despite implementation of annual monitoring CD4 measurements were still more frequent
- Reduced cost of CD4 testing by 54% compared to a strategy of testing twice per year
 Savings made but it would save more to stop altogether
- We recommend stopping routine CD4 monitoring in stable individuals as any suggested policy regarding frequency of testing is likely to lead to more frequent monitoring in the clinic setting